

# "99 Ways To Speak French Right Now!"

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The US Army Special Forces (Green Berets), it's mandatory that all Special Forces soldiers attend a language school and learn a language orientated towards the Special Forces Group they are assigned. Each Special Forces Group is assigned a particular part of the world.

For example, the 7<sup>th</sup> Special Forces Group, their Area of Operations is Central America, South America and immediate surrounding areas. So 7<sup>th</sup> Special Forces Group sends their Special Forces soldiers to schools to learn languages like Spanish, Portuguese, French, Dutch,... My languages when assigned to 7<sup>th</sup> Special Forces Group was Spanish and French when I was assigned to 5<sup>th</sup> Special Forces Group (see Blog Post below to learn some French like right now).

So, with all the language training and experiences with Spanish, I'd thought I'd share it with you.

The "99 Ways To Speak French Right Now!" is taken directly from my Survival Book - **"How To Learn French Fast!" - 3,399 Ways To Speak French Instantly!**

OK, let's start learning some French like right now.

Below, on the left-side are the French words with their translation and on the right is how to pronounce it.

On the right of each French word is the spelled-out phonetic version. PRETEND you're speaking it out in English so to pronounce it in French. Like the French word 'm'aidez.' means 'me, you help or help me.' To pronounce it, say the 02 words 'May Day.' Good, you just said the word 'help me' in French. If you didn't know it 'May Day' is the international distress signal. If you say 'May Day,' it's understood you want 'emergency help' anywhere on Earth.

# “How To Easily Pronounce French Words!”

Before you start to INSTANLY speak French, let’s learn how to easily pronounce French letters using the French Alphabet below. Then we’ll learn how to pronounce some French words by spelling them out phonetically - meaning, read the phonetic words like you’re reading English and you’re speaking French.

OK, let’s start with the French Alphabet. The French alphabet has the same alphabet as English. And they also have several accents added on here and there. We’ll cover those different French accents after the alphabet. PLUS, in the POC Section, I give you several FREE YouTube videos to help you out with pronouncing the French alphabet but also many basic French words and sentences you’ll use when speaking French. OK, below is the French alphabet. To the right I phonetically spelled out each letter. Pretend it’s English so you can pronounce each letter. Let’ start with the letter A and it’s pronounced Ahh - like when the doctor tells you to open your mouth and say Ahh so he / she can check your tonsils.

## Sounds Like

A-----Ahh

B-----Bay

C-----Say

D-----Day

E-----Uhhr

F-----Heff

G-----Jeh

H-----Ahsh

I-----Eee

J-----Gee

K-----Kah

L-----Ell

M-----Emm

N-----Enn

O-----Oh

P-----Peh

Q-----Koo

R-----Errkk

S-----Ess

T-----Teh

U-----you

V-----Veh

W-----Dublah veh

X-----Eeks

Y-----Eeegretkk

Z-----Zed

In the POC Section are some YouTube Videos you can go to and really learn the French alphabet real quick. You'll need to know the French alphabet to at least half-way pronounce the French words. Now let's talk about French accents.

French accents change the way a letter is pronounced and in some cases when the accent is used it changed the meaning of that particular word and may be the sentence. OK, here are the French accents you'll see throughout this book.

Let's start with the Acute Accent (aigu):

É or é

This accent facing down and to the left over the letter é sounds like the letter "A" in English. Here are a few examples:

Bébé = baby and is pronounced-----baybay

Café = coffee and is pronounced-----kahfay

L'été - The summer and is pronounced-----Laytay

écoute-moi = listen to me  
and is pronounced-----akootay mwah.

Déjà vu = already seen  
and is pronounced-----dayjheh voo

La télé = The television  
Is pronounced-----La taylay

Another accent is called the Grave Accent (grave):

## È or è

This accent facing down and to the right over the over the letters è à and ù. The pronunciation or sounds of the letters à and ù will not change, they will stay the same but the meaning of the word may be different.

This book is designed for beginner French so I hope I didn't confuse you. Let's get back to the letter è. The letter è with the accent going the other way sounds like eh. Here are a few wxamples.

Après vous = after you  
and sounds like-----ahpreh voo.

Frère = brother and is pronounced-----Frehr

Gèle = freezing and is pronounced-----Jehl

Déjà vu = already seen  
and is pronounced-----dayjheh voo

Mon père = my father  
and is pronouncec-----moh pehr

Il gèle dehors = it's freezing outside  
and is pronounced-----eel jehl durhoar

Sa mère = his mother  
and is pronounced-----saw mehr

Another accent is called the Circonflexe Accent:

Â Ê Î Ô Û

I didn't know this till I was putting this book together. Back in the 11<sup>th</sup> century when the French invaded England, the French and English languages merged a little bit. The his Circonflexe accent was placed on words and replaced the letter "S." Knowing this, you can probably translate the French word on your own without a dictionary. Just place the letter "s" after letter with the Circonflexe Accent. Here let me give you a few examples:

- Forêt = Forest (wooded area).
- Mât = Mast (mast of boat)
- Pâte = Paste (pasta)
- Fête = Feste (festival / party)
- Hôtel = Hostel (hotel)
- Hôpital = Hospital (medical center)
- Maître = Maistre (master)

Now as far as pronouncing these vowels with the Circonflexe accent, they sound the same as previously annotated on the previous pages.

Â Ê Î Ô Û

Â = ahh

Ê = uhhr

Î = eee

Ô = oh

Û = you

OK, now let's start pronouncing some French words and sayings.

Each French word has their definition and it's PHONETICALLY SPELLED OUT. READ IT LIKE YOU'RE READING ENGLISH. For example the Spanish word ¿Qué? means What?

Vous (you) = voo

One more thing, the French slurr words together. But if you pronounce them separately - WHO CARES! You're trying to speak their language and the French respect this and they'll still understand you.

Simple enough. OK let's get started. The following are examples - in alphabetical order - of common sayings with their phonetic spelling so to prounce them in French. Let's start with the word *Again*. See POC Section for more help in learning French.



Again-----Encore  
(on kore)

A glass of water.----Un verre d'eau  
(on vair doh)

And you?-----Et vous?  
(a voo)

Answer me.-----Réponds-moi.  
(raypohnd mwah)

Anybody got any candy?-- -Quelqu'un a un bonbon?  
(kel koon ah oo bon bon)

Apple.-----Pomme.  
(pahmm)

Apple pie.----Tarte aux pommes.  
(tart oh pahmm)

Are you alone?---Tu es seul?  
(too ess sole)

Are you busy?----Tu es occupé?  
(too ess ahkoopay)

Are you kidding me!----C'est pas vrai!  
(say pah vray)

A lot.-----Beaucoup  
(bow koo)

Come on up.-----Monte  
(mohnt)

Help me.-----M'aider  
(may day)

(International distress signal - S O S)

Here.-----Ici  
(eese)

How are you?---Comment allez-vous?  
(kah may tallay vooo)

I don't know.-----Je ne sais pas  
(Jur ner say pah)  
(Jurnn say pah)

I know.-----Je sais  
(Jur say)

It's perfect.---C'est parfait  
(say parfay)

I would like to order now.----Je voudrais commander maintenant.  
(Jur voodray coh man day mahn  
ter naw)

Knife.-----Couteau.  
(koo toe)

Later.-----Plus tard.  
(ploo tar)

Learn something? --Appris quelque chose?  
(ah pre kel ker chose)

Listen.-----Ecoute  
(eh koo tay)

Me too.-----Moi aussi  
(mwah ohsee)

Money.-----Argent.  
(are jonn)

More potatoes?----Des pommes de terre.  
(day pahmm dur tare)

My back is killing me.--Mon dos me tue.  
(moh doh mur too a)

My car broke down.---Ma voiture est tombée en panne.  
(mah vwa ture eh tom bay a n pahn)

My cat.-----Mon chat.  
(moh shah)

My dog.-----Mon chien.  
(moh sheea)

My father is on his way.----Mon père est en route.  
(moh pehr eh n root)

No, you stay.-----Non. Restez.  
(noh. res tay)

Oh, I have an idea.--Oh, j'ai une idée.  
(oh jay oon ee day a)

OK, good luck.-----Bien, bonne chance.  
(beeahn bone chauns)

On the left.-----A gauche.  
(ah gosh)

On the right.-----A droite.  
(ah drawt)

On Thursday night, then?-----A Jeudi soir, alors?  
(ah jhoe dee swah, ah lore)

Open the door.-----Ouvre la porte.  
(oovray lah poort)

Open the window.-----Ouvre la fenêtre.  
(oovray lah fur nur truh)

Pancakes.-----Crêpes.  
(krehp)

Party.-----Fête.  
(feht)

Pass me the pepper, please.---Passe-moi le poivre, s'il te plait  
(pahss mwa lur pwa-vr seal tur  
play)

Pass me the potatoes, please.---Passe-moi les pommes de terre,  
s'il te plait. (pahss mwa lay pahmm dur  
tare, seal tur play)

Pass me the salt, please.---Passe-moi le sel, s'il te plait.  
(pahss mwa lur sell seal tur play)

Pass me the vegetables,  
please.- Passe-moi les legumes, s'il te  
plait. (pahss mwa lay lay goom seal tur  
play)

Perfect. Good luck.-----Parfait. Bonne chance.  
(parfay bone chauns)

Please, we can't find our car.--S'il vous plait, on ne trouve  
notre voiture (seal voo play ohn ner troov  
know trah vwa ture)

Private.-----Privé.  
(pree vee)

Promise me something.-----Promets-moi quelque chose  
(pro may - mwa kell kur chose)

Pull over.-----Range-toi.  
(raung-twa)

Ready.-----Prêt.  
(pray)

Ready.-----Prête.  
(prayt)

Really?-----Vraiment?  
(vray mah)

Right now.-----Tout de suite.  
(too dur sweet)

Right on time.----Juste à l'heure.  
(joost ah lure)

Saturday afternoon.----Samedi après-midi.  
(somdee ah pray - me dee)

Searching for signal...----Recherche du signal...  
(rur shair cshay doo seegnaw)

See for yourself.-----Voyez vous-même.  
(voy heah voo - mem)

See you later.-----A tout à l'heure.  
(ah too ah lure)

See you soon.                   A bientôt.  
(ah be n tow)

See you tomorrow.-----À demain.  
(ah day mah)

She doesn't like you.----Elle ne t'aime pas.  
(al ner tame pah)

She knows everything.----Elle sait tout.  
(al say too)

She's beautiful.-----Elle est belle.  
(al a bell)

She's cute.- -----Elle est mignonne.  
(al a meeg nohn)

Shut up.-----Taisez vous.  
(tay-say voo)

Sit down.-----Asseyez-vous.  
(ah say heah - voo)

Small.-----Petit.  
(pur tee)

So how did it go?-----Alors, comment c'était.  
(ah lore kah may say tay)

Soldiers.-----Soldats.  
(sole daht)

Somebody.-----Quelqu'un.  
(kel koon)

Some cake (offering)?-----Un gâteau?  
(uh gah toe)

Something.-----Quelque chose.  
(kell kur chose)

Something else?-----Autre chose?  
(oh tra chose)

So so.-----Comme-ci comme-ça.  
(kom see kom saw)

Stay close to me.-----Reste près de moi.  
(rest pray dur mwa)

Stop.-----Arrêtez-vous.  
(ah ret tay - voo)

Stop or I'm going to shoot.---Arrêtez ou je tire.  
(ah ret tay oh jur teer)

Straight ahead.-----Tout droit.  
(too draw)

Street.-----Rue.  
(roo)

Suitcase (bag)-----Valise.  
(vah lees)

Sun lotion (sun block)?---Lotion solaire.  
(low tee oh so lair)

Sure.-----Bien sûr.  
(be n sure)

Surprise!-----Surprise!  
(sure prees)

Sweetee.-----Ma belle.  
(ma bell)

Sweetheart.-----Chérie.  
(share ree)

Take out my garbage.---Sors mes ordures.  
(sore may or dur)

Take the bus.-----Prenez le bus.  
(pray nay lur boo)

Talk to her.-----Lui parler.  
(lwee par lay)

Talk to him.-----Parle-lui.  
(parl - lwee)

Telephone.-----Téléphone  
(ta lay fone)

Television.-----Télé.  
(tay lay)

Tell me about her.-----Parle-moi d'elle.  
(parl - mwa dell)

Tell me about him.-----Parle-moi de lui.  
(parl - mwa dur lwee)

Tell the truth.-----Dire la vérité.  
(deer lah vay ri tay)

Thank God.-----Dieu merci.  
(doe mare see)

Thank God.-----Merci mon Dieu.  
(mare see moh doe)

Thanks.-----Merci.  
(mare see)

Thanks again.-----Merci encore.  
(mare see on kore)

That much?-----Tant que ça?  
(tan kur saw)

That's a bad idea.-----C'est une mauvaise idée.  
(say oon moh vay ee day a)

That's a good start.--C'est un bon début.  
(say uh boh day boo)

That's all I know. I swear.--C'est tout ce que je sais. Je le  
jure. (say too cur kur jur say.  
jur lure joor)

That's funny.-----C'est drôle.  
(say drole)

That's her.-----C'est elle.  
(say al)



That's him.-----C'est lui.  
(say lwee)

That's my coat.-----C'est mon manteau.  
(say moh man toe)

That sounds right.--Ça sonne bien.  
(saw sohn be n)

That's too bad.-----C'est dommage.  
(say dough magh)

That was a stop sign.----C'était un panneau stop.  
(say tay uh pahn know stow)

That was nice.-----C'était bon.  
(say tay boh)

That way.-----De cette façon.  
(dur set faw sow)

The biggest loser.---Le plus grand loser.  
(lure ploo graw loosay)

The bubble boy. He lives near here?---L'enfant-bulle. Il  
habite près d'ici? (lawn fon - bull. Eel  
haw beet pray dee cee)

The children.-----Les enfants,  
(lez onfont)

The dinner.-----Le repas du soir.  
(lur ray pah doo swah)

The door.-----La porte.  
(lah port)

The military school.----L'école militaire.  
(lay coal meel ee tare)

The next time.-----La prochaine fois.  
(lah pro shane fwah)

The next time, I want more than half.-La prochaine fois, je veux plus de la moitié. (lah pro shane fwa, jur vuh ploo dur mwa tee a)

The other day...-----L'autre jour...  
(low trah joor)

The police are on the way.---La police est en route.  
(la poh lees eh n root)

There's no time. It's urgent.---Pas le temps. C'est urgent.  
(pah lur tomp. Say urr jont)

There's your water.-----Voilà votre eau.  
(vwa lah voh trah oh)

The United States Army.--L'Armée des États-Unis.  
(larmay day atas ooknee)

The United States of America.----Les États-Unis d'Amérique.  
(lez atas ooknee dah mare eek)

They are buddies.-----Ils sont copains.  
(eel sohn koe pain)

They are here.-----Ils sont ici.  
(eel sohn ee see)

They stole my car.----Ils ont volé ma voiture.  
(eel ohn vow lay ma vwa ture)

This is a church.-----C'est une église.  
(say oon a gleees)

This is not your lucky day, stranger.-Ce n'est pas ton jour de chance, étranger. (sir ness pah toh joot dur chauns, a tronjair )

This is too much.-----C'en est trop. (sen eh trow)

This time...-----Cette fois... (set fwa)

This way.-----Par ici. (par ee cee)

Those are my keys.----Ce sont mes clés. (sir sohn may clay)

Times up.-----Il est l'heure. (eel eh lure)

Today is your lucky day.---C'est ton jour de chance. (say toe joor dur chauns)

Tonight.-----Ce soir. (sir swah)

We can't find our car.--Nous ne trouvons pas notre voiture. (new nur true vohn pah know trah vwa ture)

Welcome, everybody.---Bienvenue, tout le monde. (bee on ven oo too lur mond)

We need a doctor.-----Nous avons besoin d'un médecin. (new ah-vohn bay swan doon may day see)

We're finished.-----Nous sommes finis. (new sohm feenee)

We're late.-----Nous sommes en retard. (new sohm n ray tar)

What am I going to do?---Que vais-je faire?  
(kur vay - jur fair)

What are you looking for?---Que cherchez-vous?  
(kur share shay - voo)

What can I do?-----Que puis-je faire?  
(kur pweejh fair)

What do you want from me?---Que veux-tu de moi?  
(kur vuh - too dur mwa)

What is that?-----C'est quoi ça?  
(say kwah saw)

What's your name?-----Quel est votre nom?  
(kell eh voh trah nome)

When?-----Quand?  
(konn)

Where?-----Où?  
(ooo)

Where do you live?-----Qu'à habites-tu?  
(ooo hah bee tay - too)

Where is the car?-----Où est la voiture?  
(ooo eh lah vwa ture)

Where's the bathroom?---Où est la salle de bains?  
(ooo eh lah sall dur bahn)

Where the hell are we? We are lost.-----Où diable  
sommes nous? Nous sommes perdus.  
(ooo dee ah bl sohm new? New sohm pair dew)

Who's that?-----C'était qui?  
(say tay key)

Why are you here?---Pourquoi es-tu ici?  
(pour kwah eh-too ee see)

Without you?-----Sans toi?  
(sahn twah)

With who?-----Avec qui?  
(ah vek key)

You eat here?-----Vous mangez ici?  
(voo man jau ee see)

You found my watch.---Tu as trouvé ma montre.  
(too ah true vay mah mon trah)

You have a cat?-----Vous avez un chat?  
(voo zah vay oo shaw)

You have a dog?-----Vous avez un chien?  
(voo zah vay oo shen)

You have plenty of friends.---Tu as plein d'amis.  
(too ah play dah mee)

You must follow that car.---Tu dois suivre  
(too dwah sweevr)

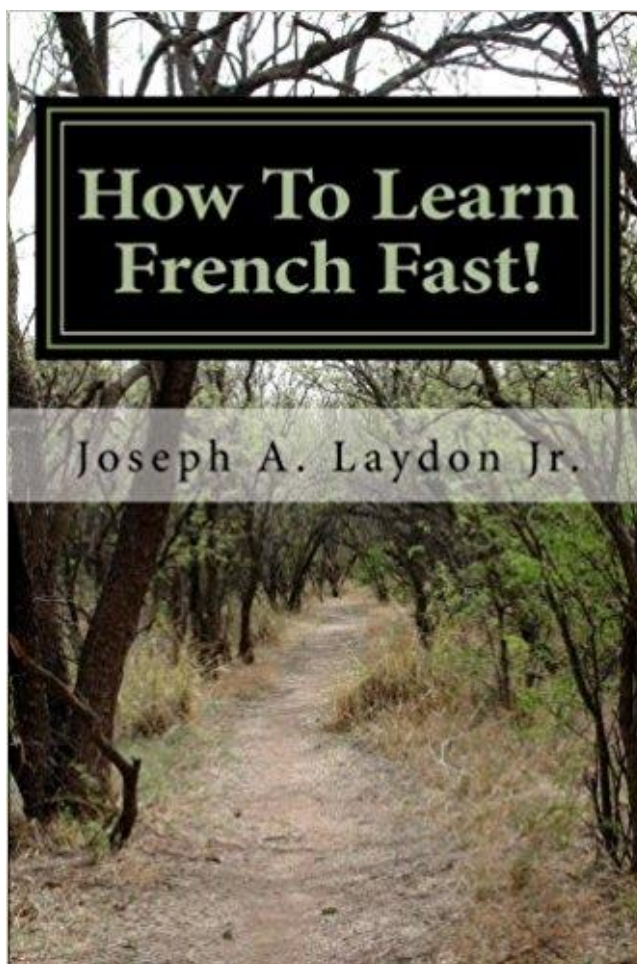
You must help me.---Vous devez m'aider.  
(voo day vay may day)

You're OK.-----Tu vas bien.  
(too vah bee on)

You see something?---Tu vois quelque chose?  
(too vwa kell kur chose)

You want something to drink?---Tu veux boire?  
(too vuh bwah)

You want to do something?-----  
Tu veux faire quelque chose?  
(too vuh fair kell kur chose)



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**(3,399 Ways To Speak French Instantly!)**

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